Item: 7

DC/21/4756/FUL Resiting of 16 Existing huts from current location at the Spa Con Prom to permanent site at manor End - Area between Sea Wall and Promenade

Beach Hut Area, South Seafront, Langer Road, Felixstowe, Suffolk



Planning committee meeting: Monday 7 March 2022

Summary

This application seeks full planning permission for the siting of 16 beach huts (relocated from the spa area) to land between the promenade and sea wall in front of Martello Park. The scheme is not considered acceptable as it will result in the loss of priority habitat and is recommended for refusal.

As the applicant and landowner is East Suffolk Council, the proposal is to be determined at planning committee in accordance with the scheme of delegation.

Site plan and arial



Site photos

View west from the promenade

View looking northwest

Site photos



View looking west, play equipment to Martello Park behind sea wall and vegetated shingle habitat



View southwest towards Martello Tower



Siting of beach huts to the north of the protected sightlines from Scheduled monument from HIA

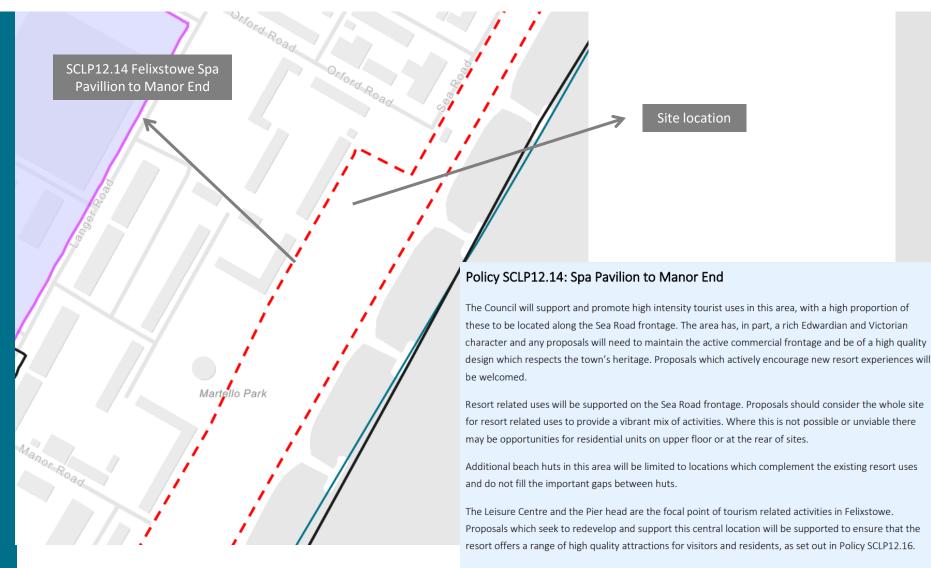
Site photos

View from walkway in Martello Park towards north

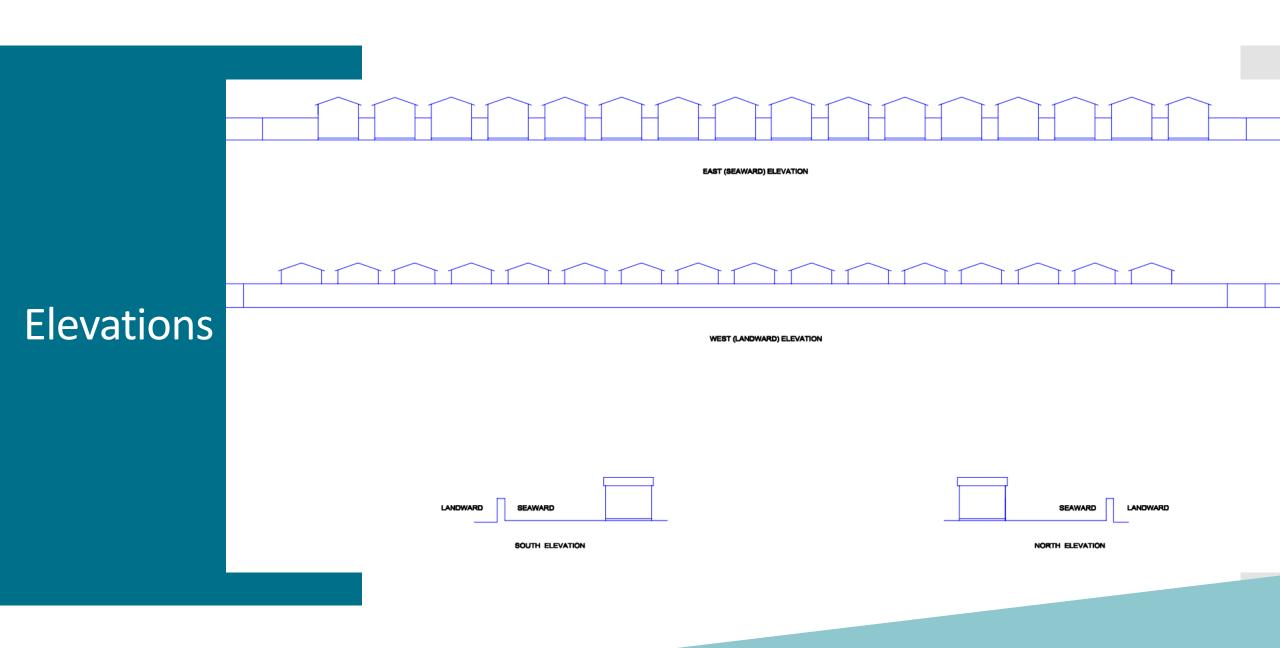
View from walkway in Martello Park towards south

0

Site location – policy context



Between the Pier and the Spa Pavilion, activities which promote cultural attractions including cafes, restaurants and shops on the ground floor will be supported where they make a positive contribution to the significance of the two Conservation Areas, and respect the Registered Gardens and the Victorian and Edwardian architectural heritage of the resort. Proposals which provide a link between the resort and the town centre will also be supported.



Policy SCLP10.1

Policy SCLP10.1: Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Development will be supported where it can be demonstrated that it maintains, restores or enhances the existing green infrastructure network and positively contributes towards biodiversity and/or geodiversity through the creation of new habitats and green infrastructure and improvement to linkages between habitats, such as wildlife corridors and habitat 'stepping stones'. All development should follow a hierarchy of seeking firstly to avoid impacts, mitigate for impacts so as to make them insignificant for biodiversity, or as a last resort compensate for losses that cannot be avoided or mitigated for. Adherence to the hierarchy should be demonstrated.

Proposals that will have a direct or indirect adverse impact (alone or in-combination with other plans or projects) on locally designated sites of biodiversity or geodiversity importance, including County Wildlife Sites, priority habitats and species, will not be supported unless it can be demonstrated with comprehensive evidence that the benefits of the proposal, in its particular location, outweighs the biodiversity loss.

New development should provide environmental net gains in terms of both green infrastructure and biodiversity. Proposals should demonstrate how the development would contribute towards new green infrastructure opportunities or enhance the existing green infrastructure network as part of the development. New development must also secure ecological enhancements as part of its design and implementation, and should provide a biodiversity net gain that is proportionate to the scale and nature of the proposal.

Material planning considerations The following material planning considerations have been considered – as addressed within the reporting:

- Landscape and visual amenity
- Ecology
- Coastal environment and flood risk

Recommendation

Authority to refuse

The proposal would result in the direct and indirect loss of vegetated coastal shingle habit which is a designated priority habitat for which local and national policy considerations seek to safeguard and protect such areas