

Figure 1: The total number of submissions determined over the past three years (1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022), split into 'Planning Applications' and other types of submission.

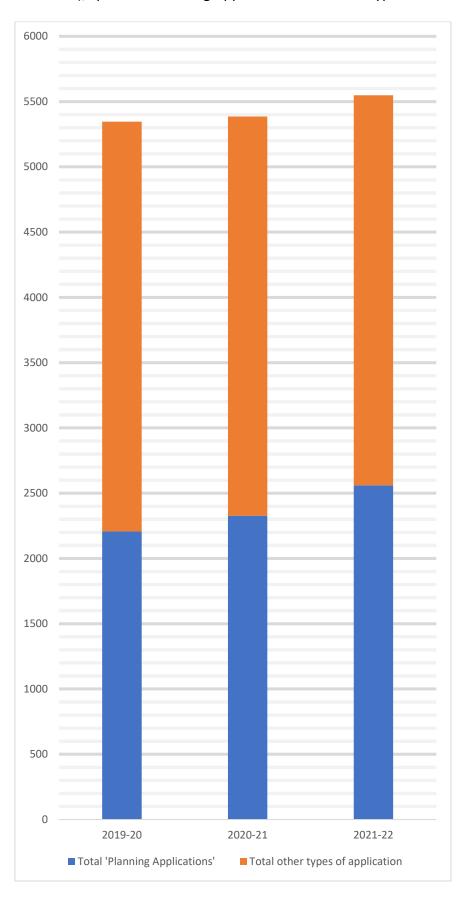


Figure 2: The numbers of determined submissions of the type required on Government quarterly returns and the number of other types of submissions determined over the past three years (1 April 2019 - 31 March 2022)

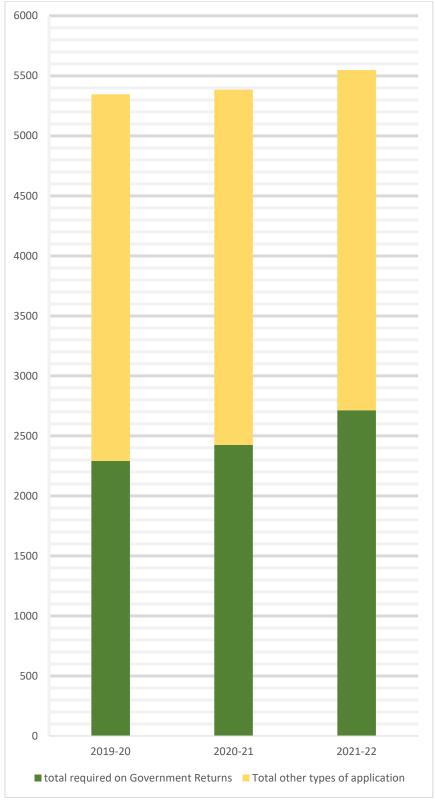


Figure 3: The various types and numbers of submissions determined over the past three years (1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022)

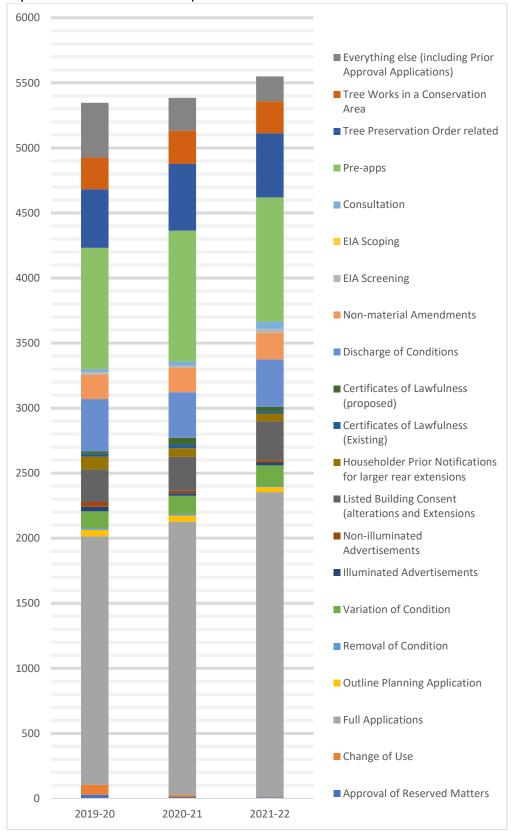


Figure 4: Proportions of Application types 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2020

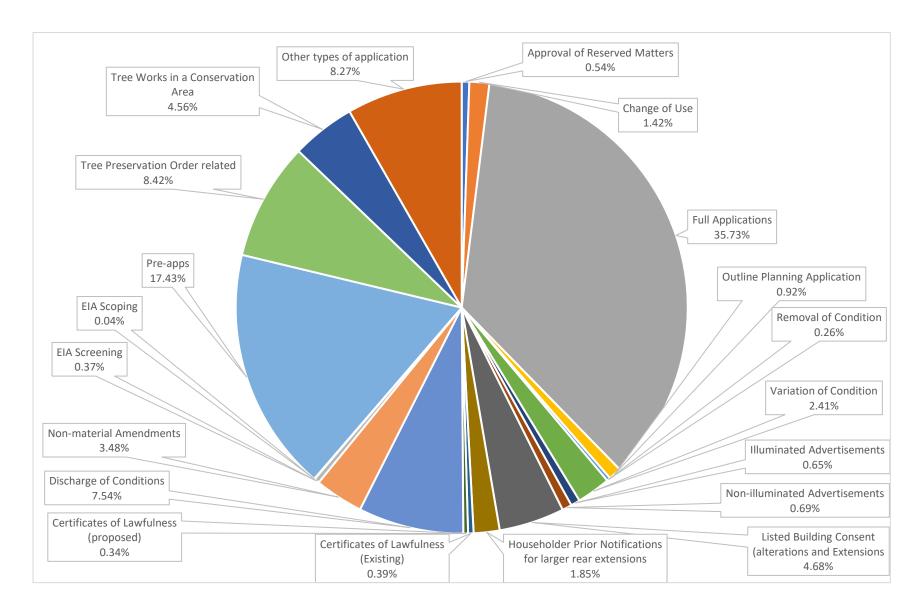
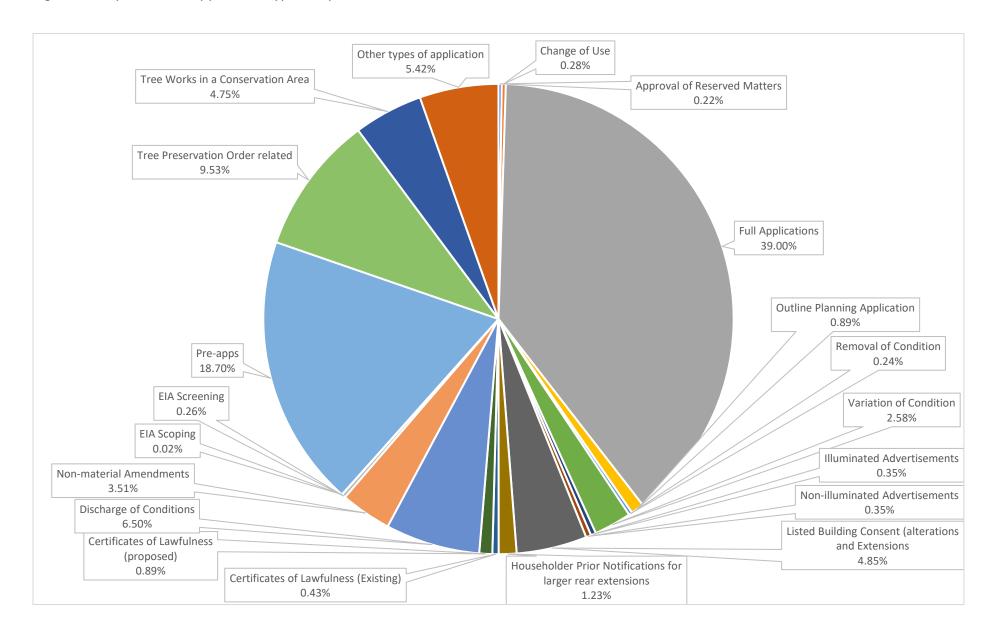
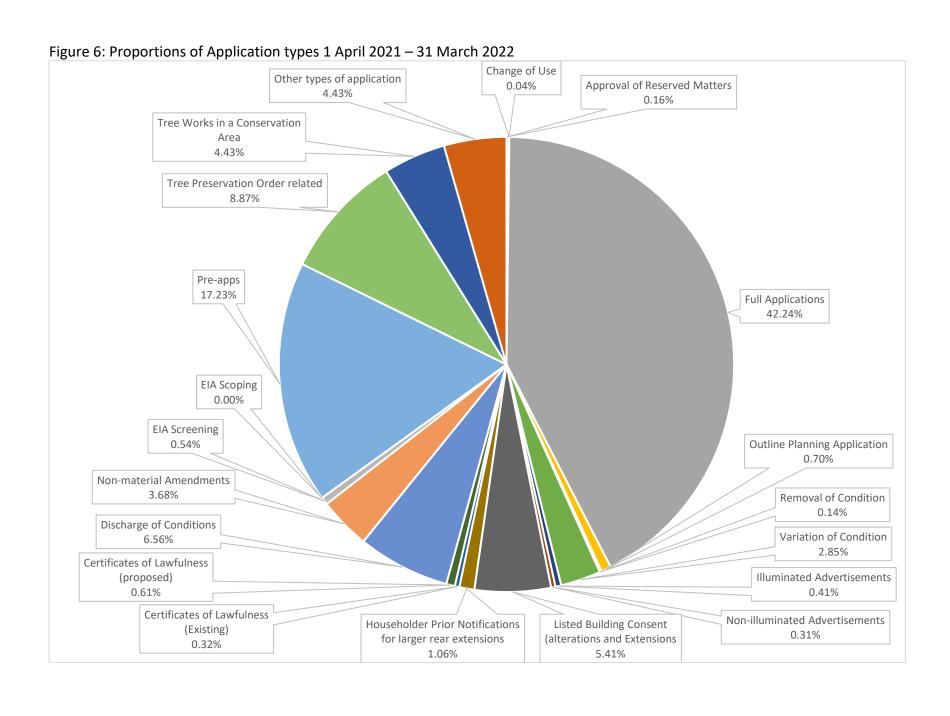
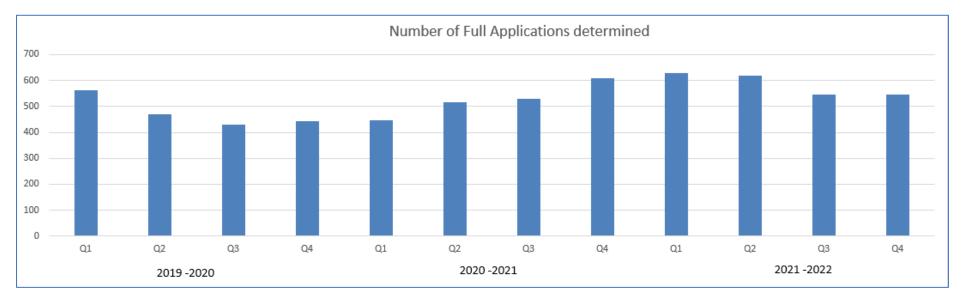


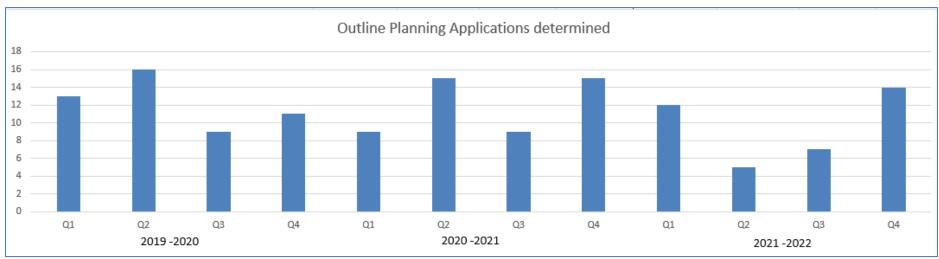
Figure 5: Proportions of Application types 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021

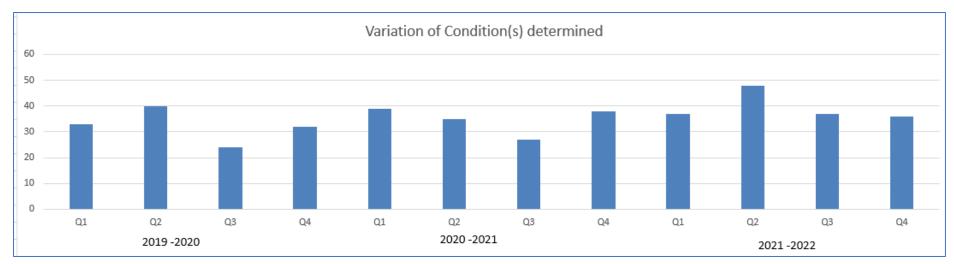


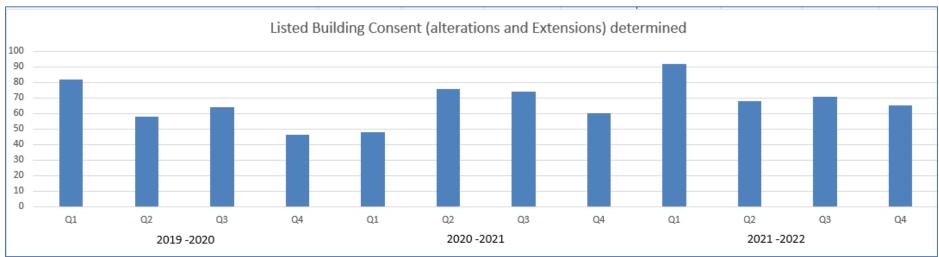


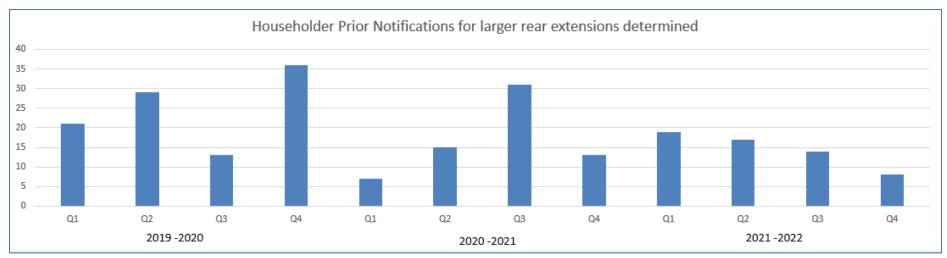
Appendix C – Types of application determined on a quarterly basis between 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022

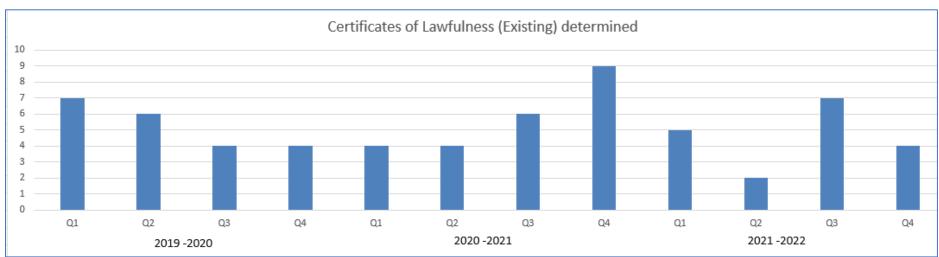


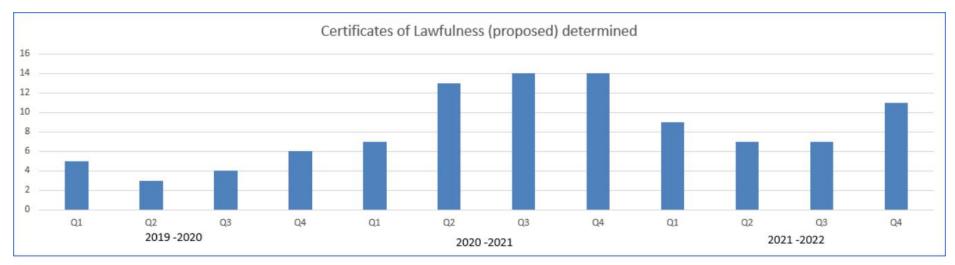


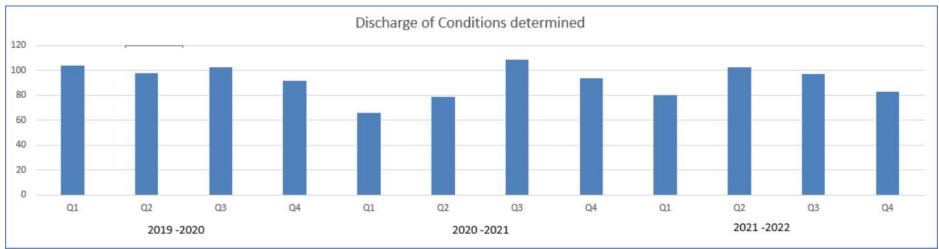


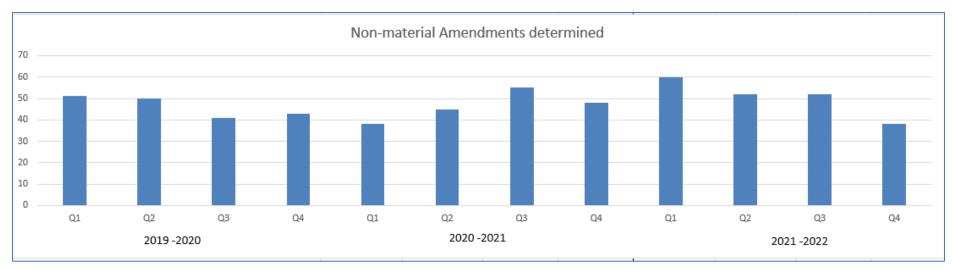


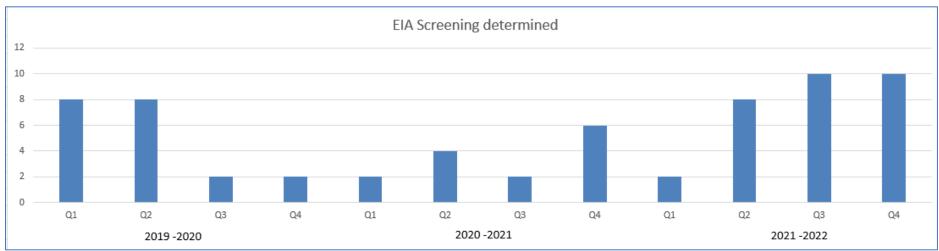


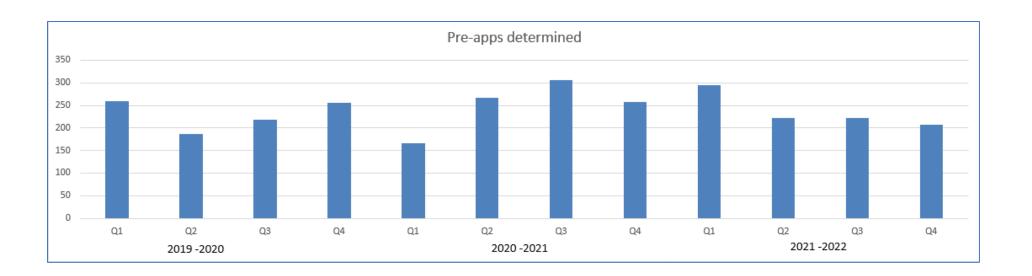




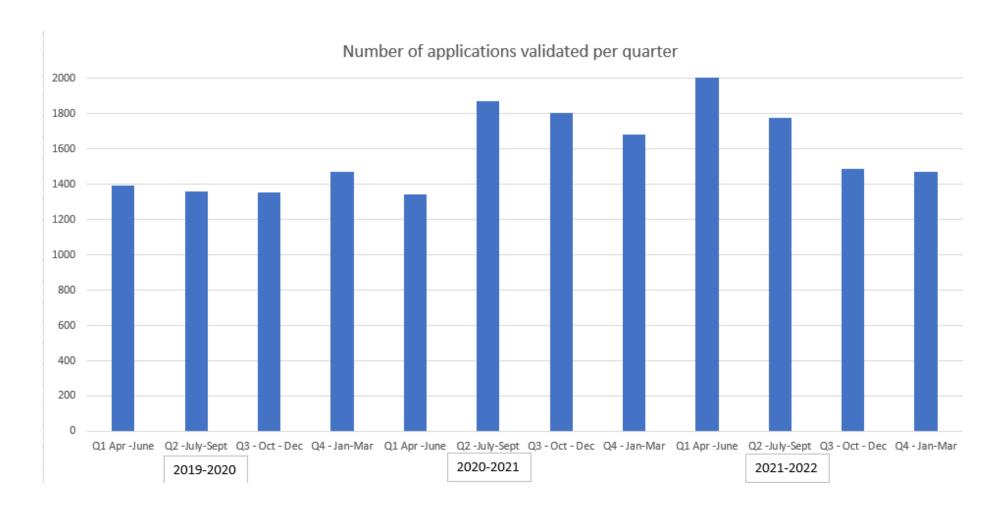








Appendix D: Number of submissions received and allocated to officers during each quarter 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022 (includes both formal 'planning applications' and all other submissions e.g. pre-applications, discharge of conditions etc)



Appendix E: The number of householder applications received and determined during each quarter between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

Figure 1 : Numbers of Householder Planning Applications received during each quarter between 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022

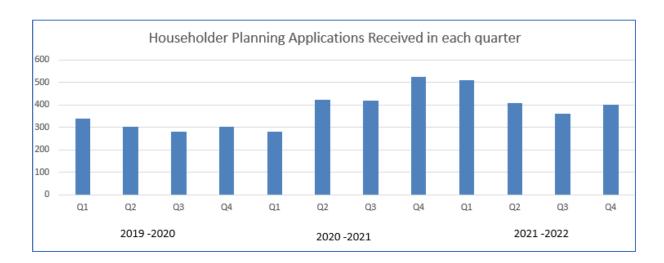
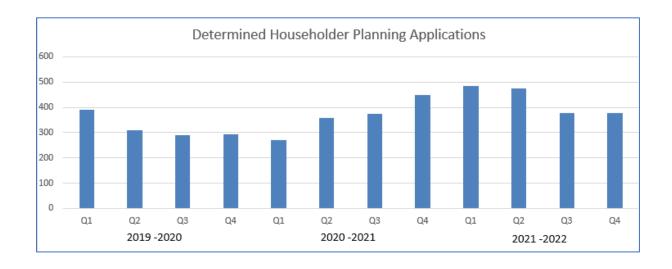


Figure 2 : Numbers of Householder Planning Applications determined during each quarter between 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022



Appendix F: The average number of valid applications allocated and the number of applications determined per quarter at senior officer, planning officer and assistant/trainee level between 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2022

Figure 1: The number of applications allocated to by Senior Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

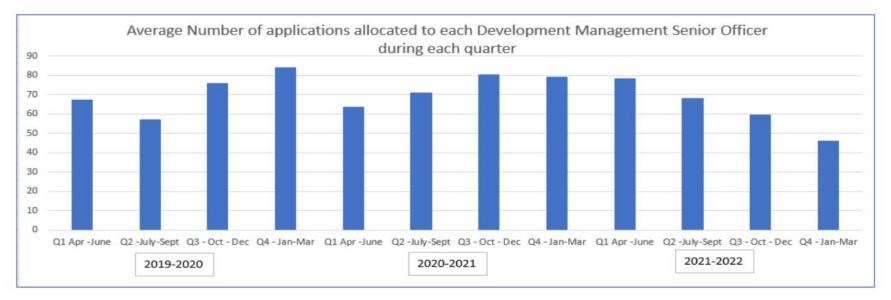


Figure 2: The number of applications allocated to by Planning Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

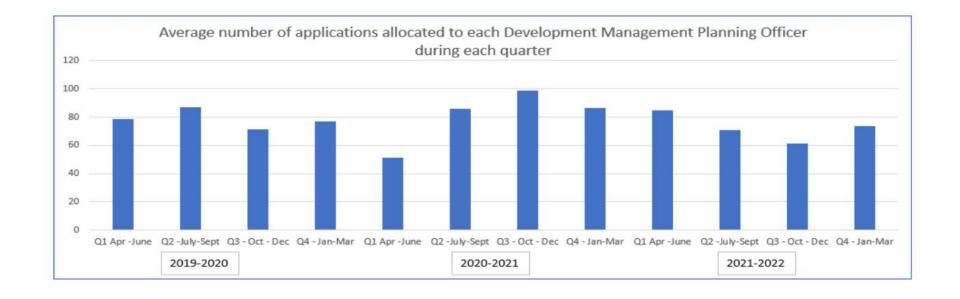


Figure 3: The number of applications allocated to Assistant/Trainee Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022



Figure 4: The number of applications determined by Senior Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

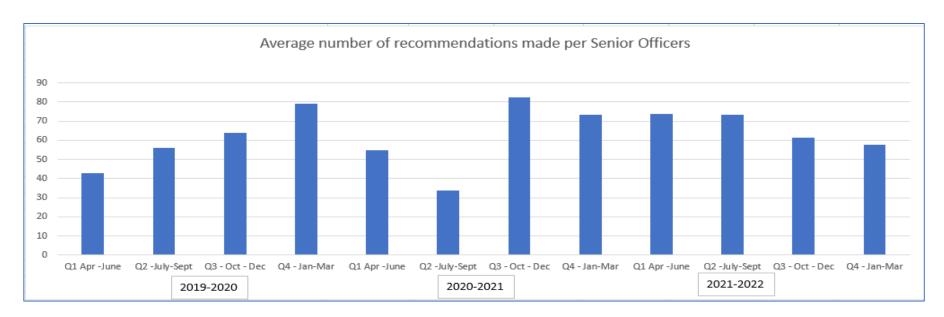


Figure 5: The number of applications determined by Planning Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

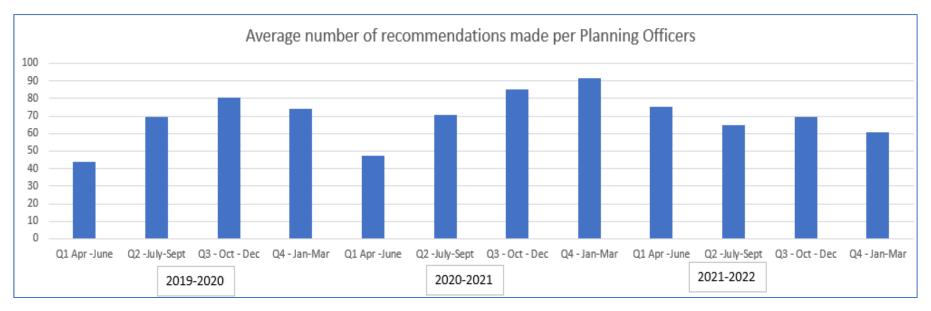


Figure 6: The number of applications determined by Assistant/Trainee Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

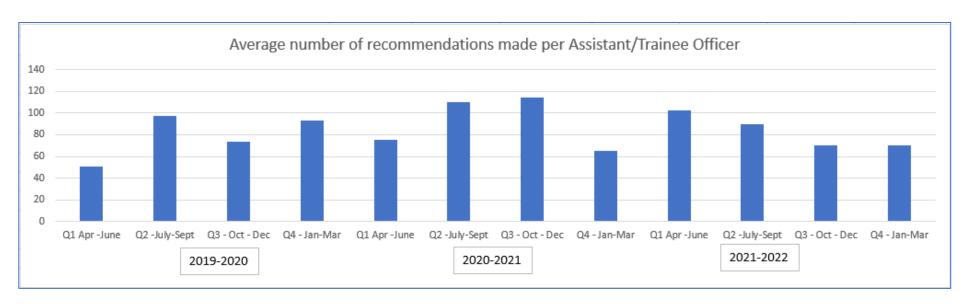


Figure 7: The number of applications allocated to and determined by Senior Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022

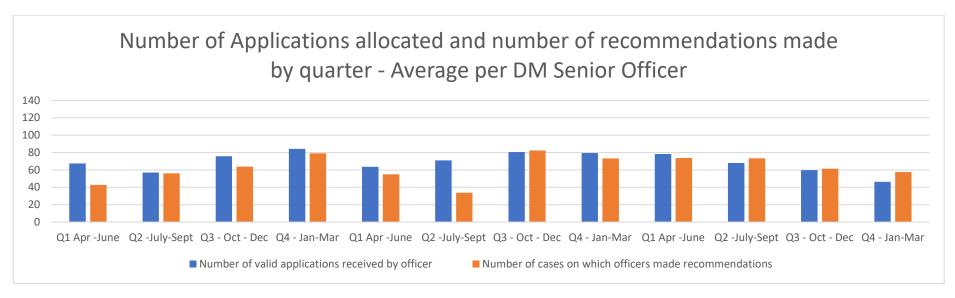


Figure 8: The number of applications allocated to and determined by Planning Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31

March 2022

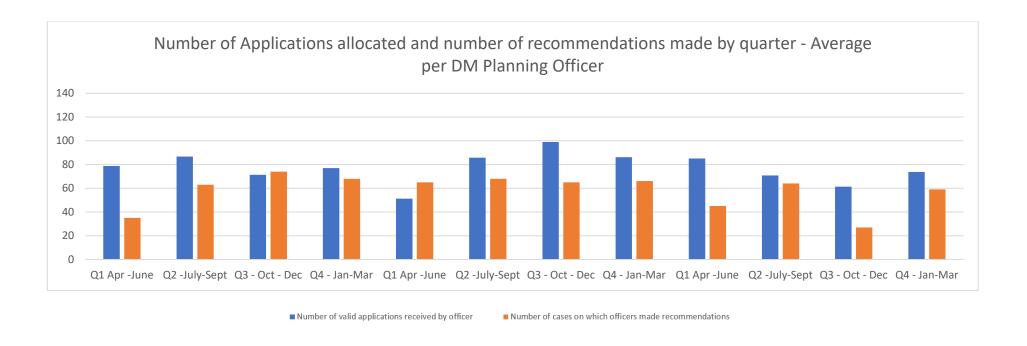
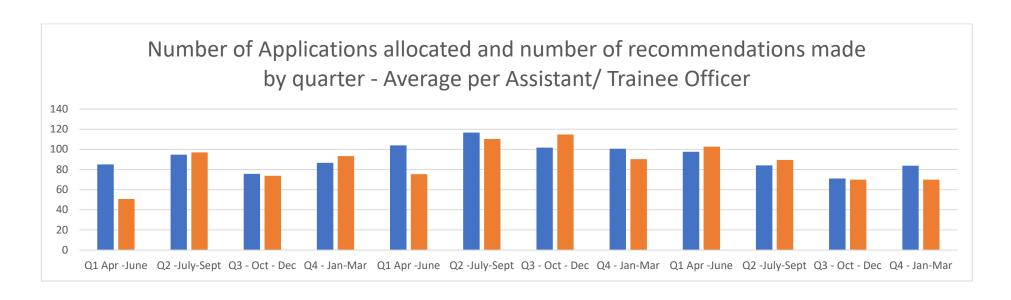


Figure 9: The number of applications allocated to and determined by Assistant/Trainee Officers per quarter (as an average per officer) between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022



Notes:

There are also applications dealt with by Principal Planners within the Development Management Team, by officers within the Major Projects Team, and by officers within the Energy Projects Team.

The above figures have not been adjusted if/when an officer has changed job title/role part way through the study period, but they do take account of any longer term staff absences.

Figure 1: Percentage of 'Majors' in time during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

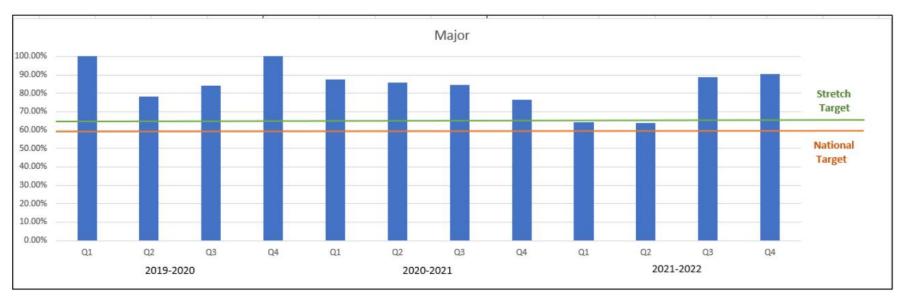


Figure 2: The number of 'Major's determined during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

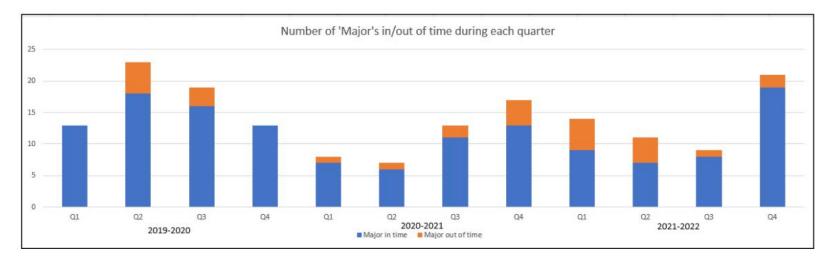


Figure 3: Percentage of 'Minors' in time during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

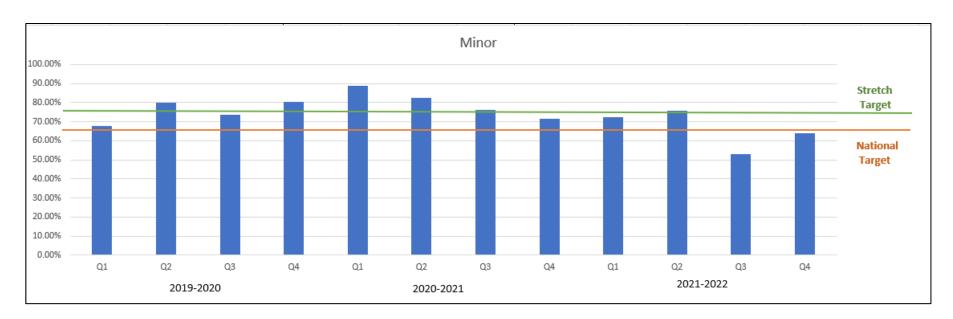


Figure 4: The number of 'Minor's determined during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

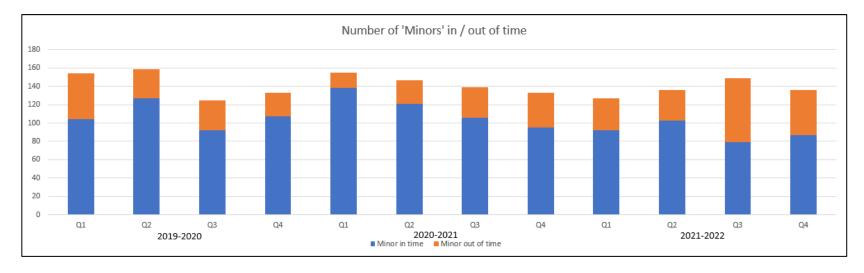


Figure 5: Percentage of 'Others' in time during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

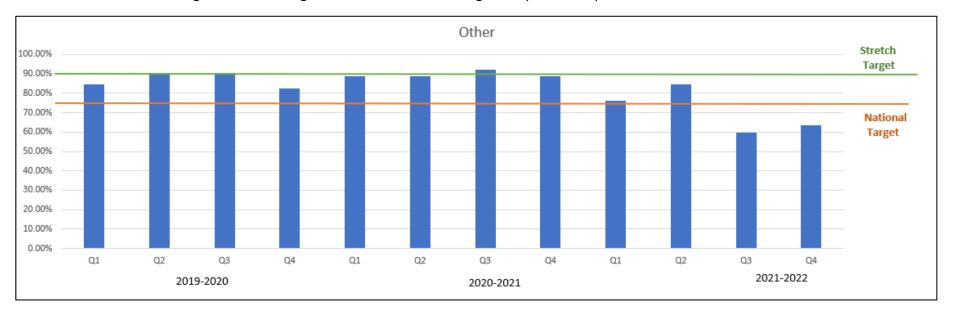


Figure 6:The number of 'Other's determined during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

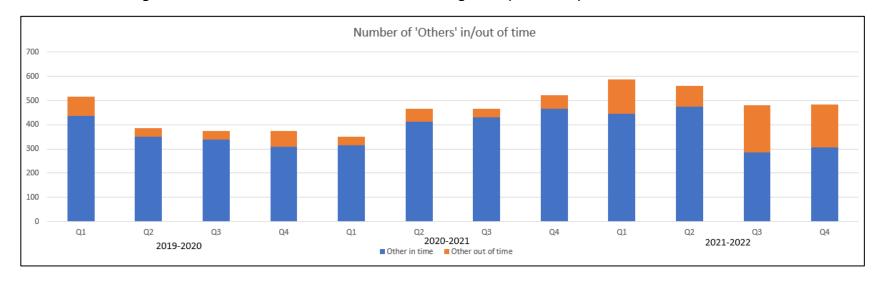


Figure 7: The overall percentage of Major, Minor and Other applications determined in time during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

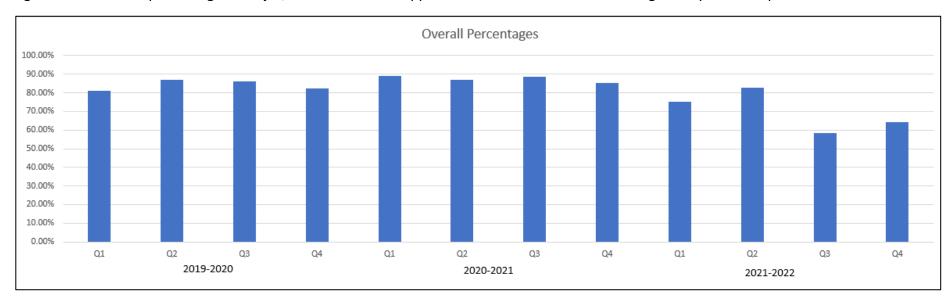


Figure 8: The overall number of Major, Minor and Other applications determined during each quarter 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2022

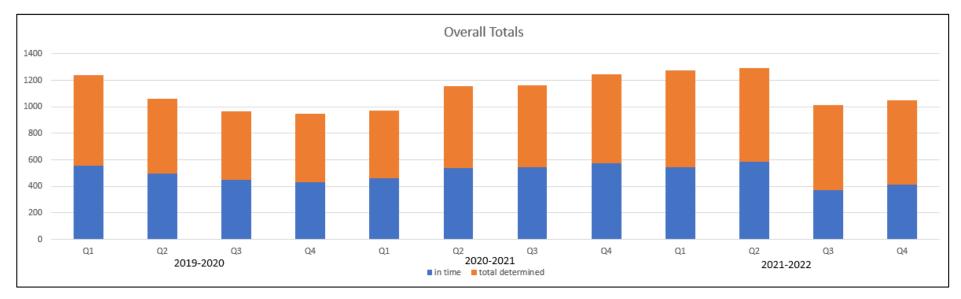


Figure 1: The Percentage of 'Majors' in time for the four quarters of 1April 2021 - 31 March 2022

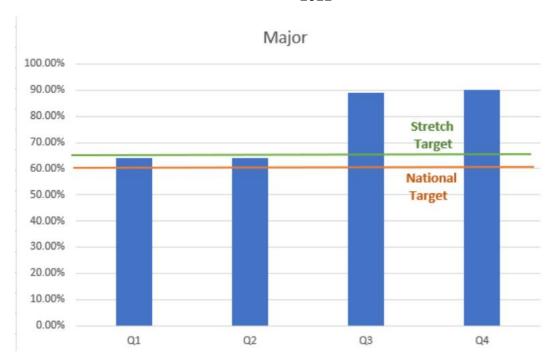


Figure 2 The Percentage of 'Minors' in time for the four quarters of 1April 2021 - 31 March 2022

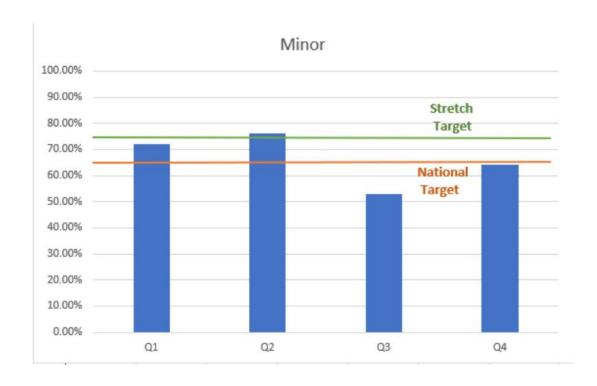
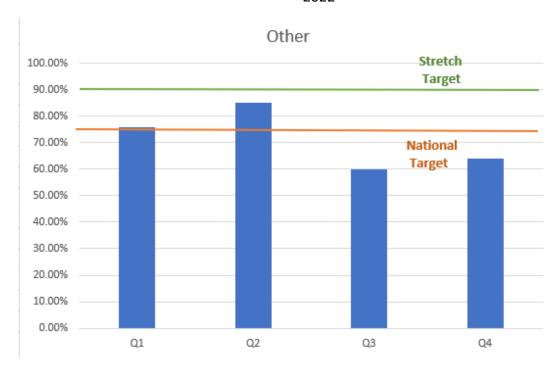


Figure 3: The Percentage of 'Others' in time for the four quarters of 1April 2021 - 31 March 2022



Appendix I: Proportions of applications determined in time, within an Extension of Time (EOT) and out of time, via the different determination process routes between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Figure 1: The proportions of applications at Referral Panel between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, that were determined in time, within an agreed Extension of Time (EOT) or out of time (includes those cases which were delegated and those which were referred to Planning Committee)

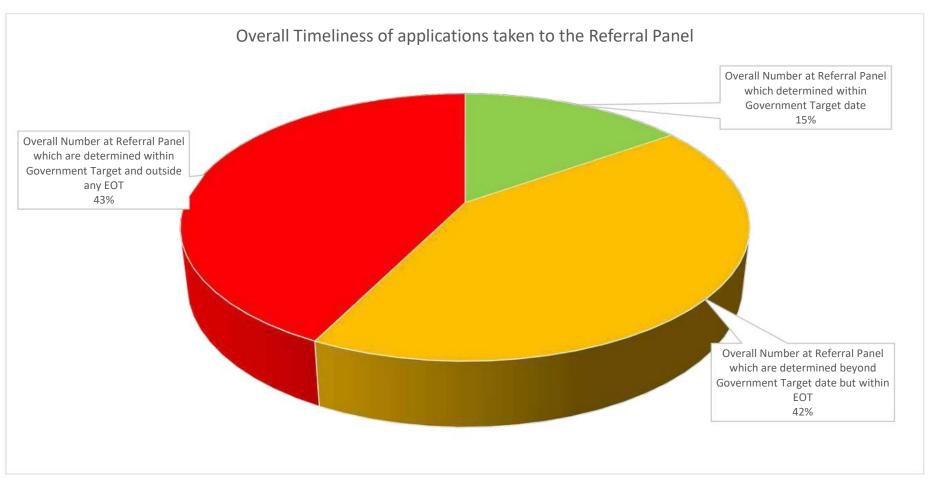


Figure 2: The proportions of applications at Referral Panel between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, that were delegated by the Panel and determined in time, within an agreed Extension of Time (EOT) or out of time

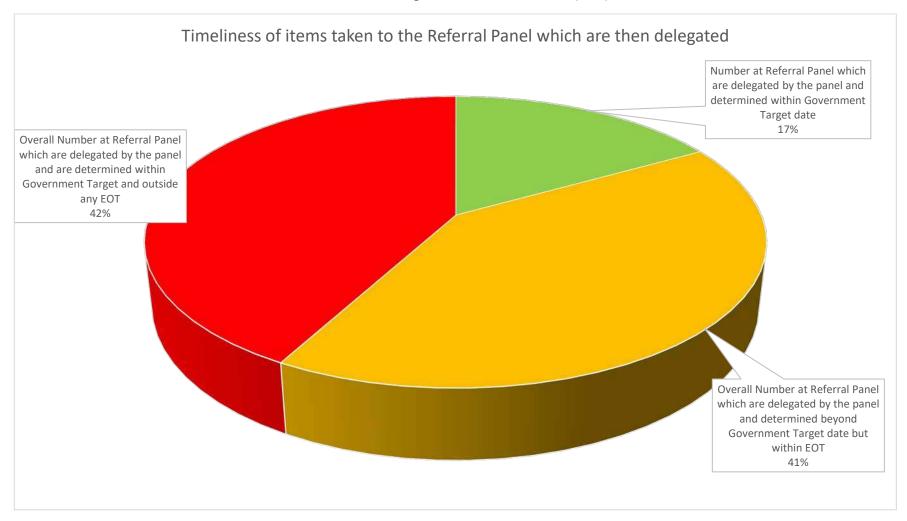


Figure 3: The proportions of applications at Referral Panel between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, that were referred to Planning Committee and determined in time, within an agreed Extension of Time (EOT) or out of time

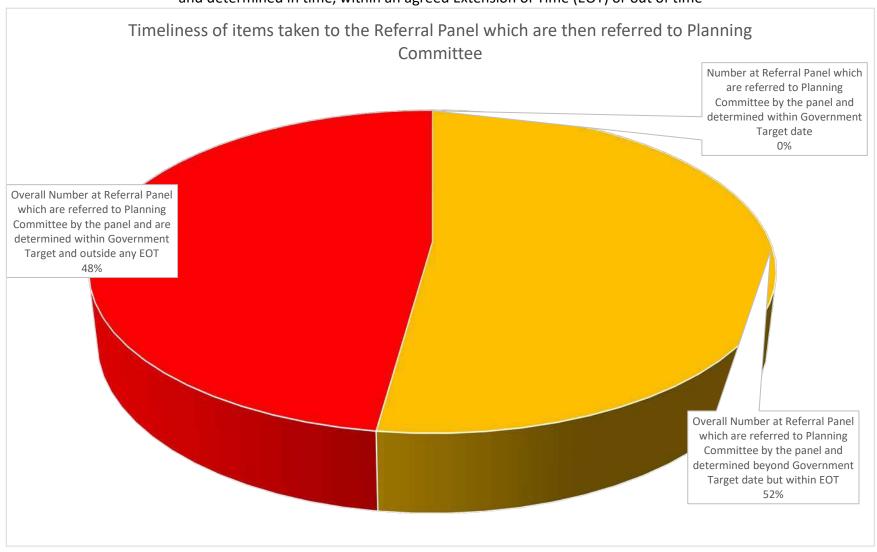


Figure 4: The proportions of applications determined at Planning Committee between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, that were determined in time, within an agreed Extension of Time (EOT) or out of time (includes those that when via the Referral Panel)

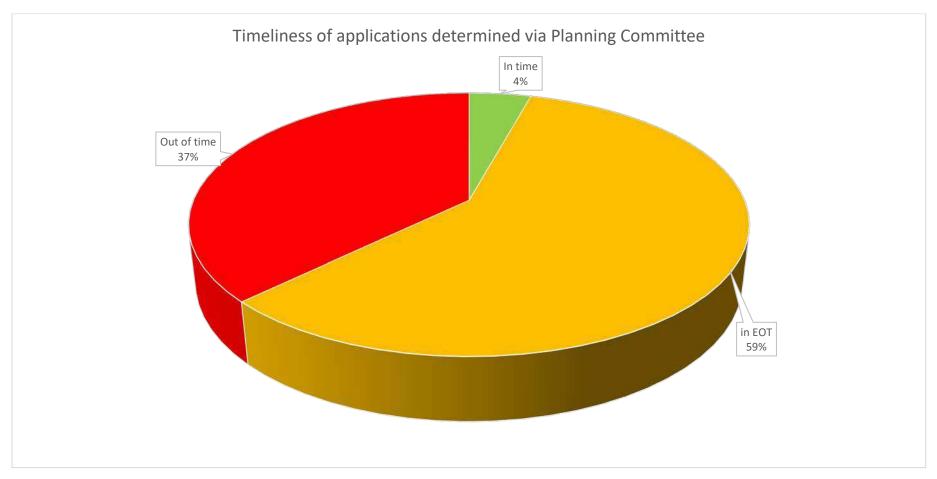
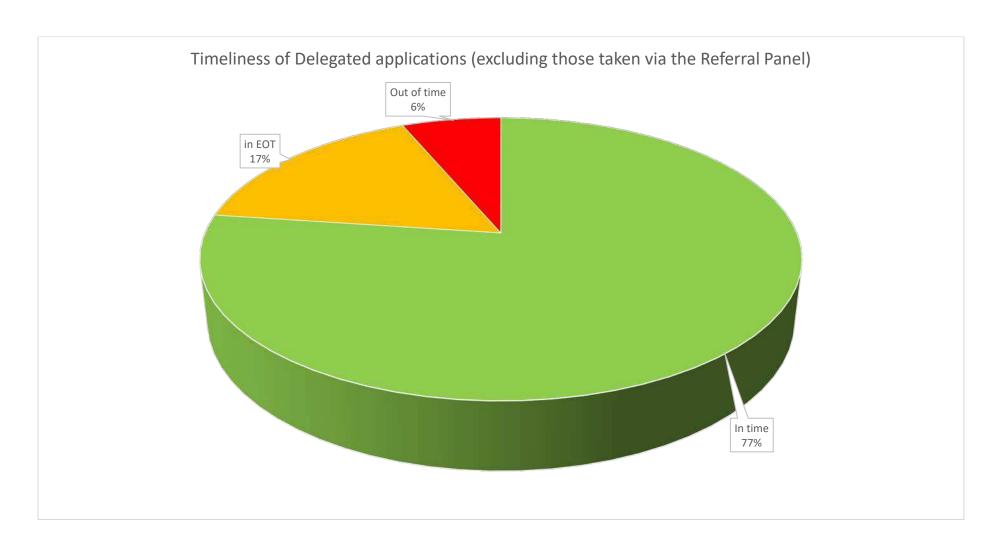


Figure 5: The proportions of applications determined at officer level without being taken via the Referral Panel between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, that were determined in time, within an agreed Extension of Time (EOT) or out of time.



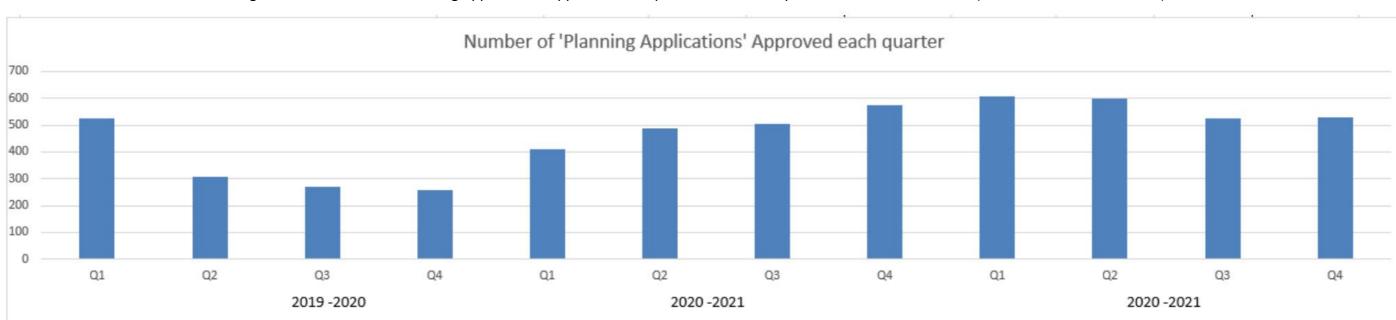


Figure 1: The number of 'Planning Applications' approved each quarter between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022 (via all determination routes).

Figure 2: The number of 'Planning Applications' refused each quarter between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022 (via all determination routes)

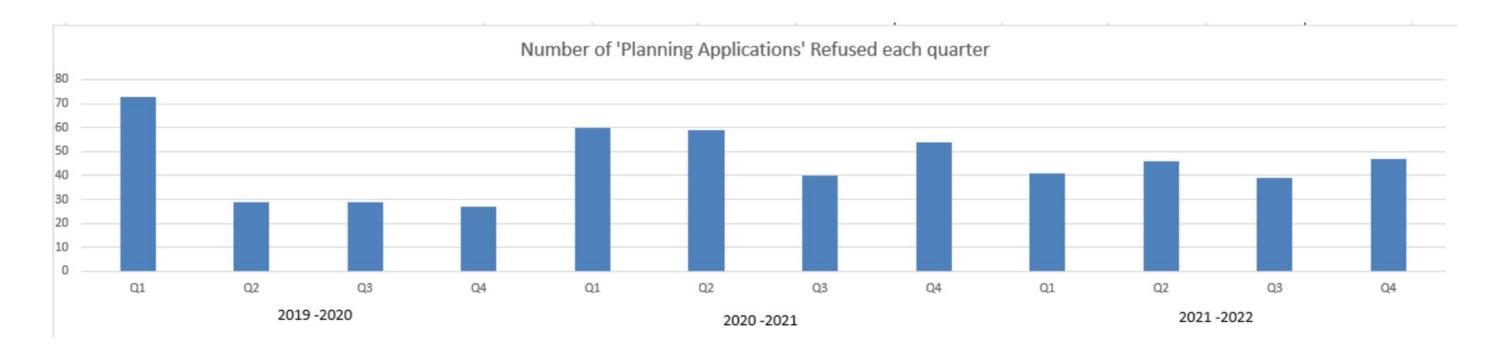
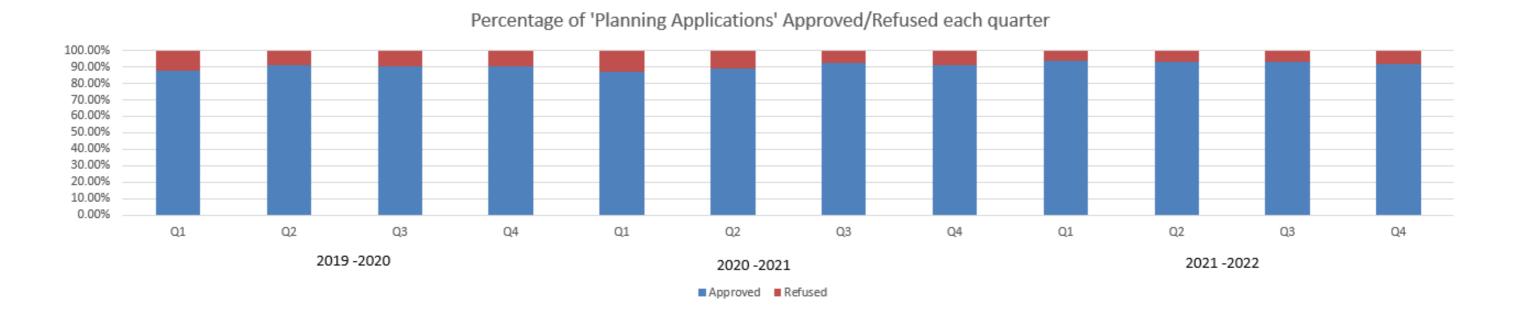


Figure 3: The proportions of 'Planning Applications' approved and refused each quarter between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2022 (via all determination routes)



Appendix K: The proportions of applications approved or refused via Planning Committee, delegated to officers and overall during the period 1 April 2021 – 31 March 2022.

Figure 1: The proportions of all applications Approved or Refused at officer level in accordance with the scheme of delegation (withdrawn cases and consultation responses to other organisations are not shown here)

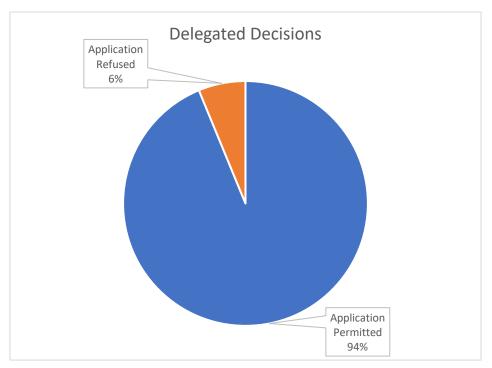


Figure 2: The proportions of all applications Approved or Refused via North or South Planning Committee (note withdrawn cases are not shown here)

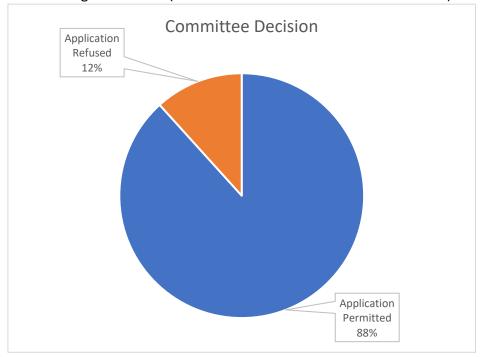


Figure 3: The overall proportions of all applications approved or refused (withdrawn cases are not shown here)

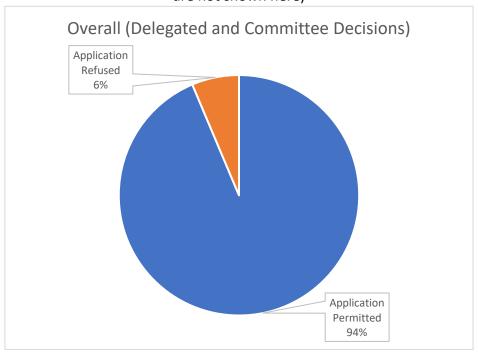


Figure 1: The cases appeals were submitted against in terms of proportions broken down by ESC decision route (those with appeal decisions issued between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022).

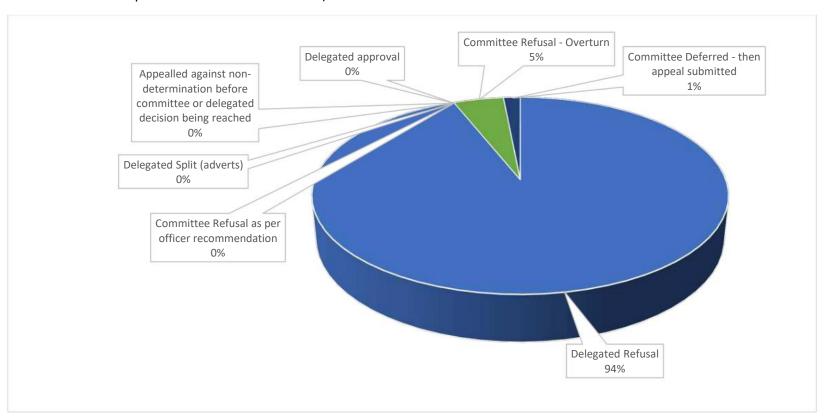


Figure 2: The Appeal Outcomes in terms of proportions broken down by ESC decision route and outcome (those with appeal decisions issued between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022).

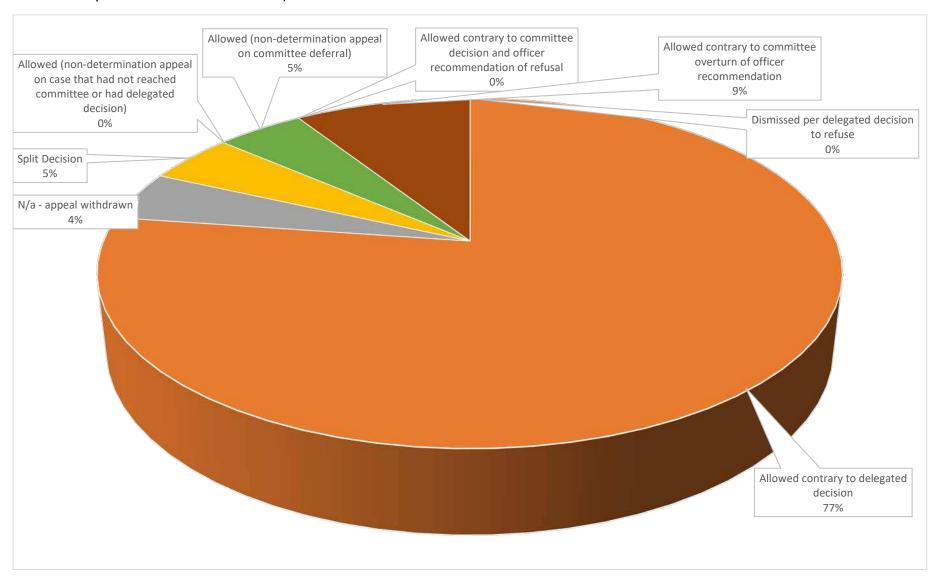


Figure 3: Overall Appeal Outcomes (those with appeal decisions issued between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022).

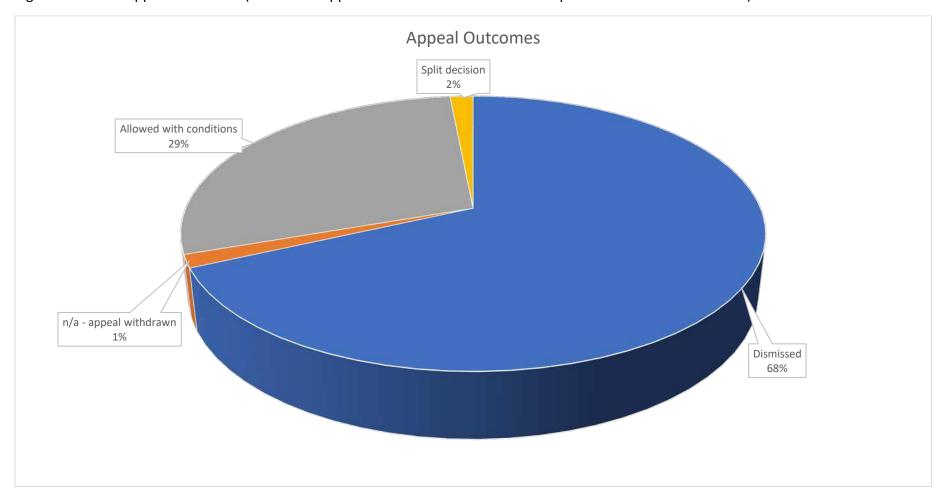


Figure 4: Percentage of appeals relating to Major, Minor and Other cases (those with appeal decisions issued between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022).

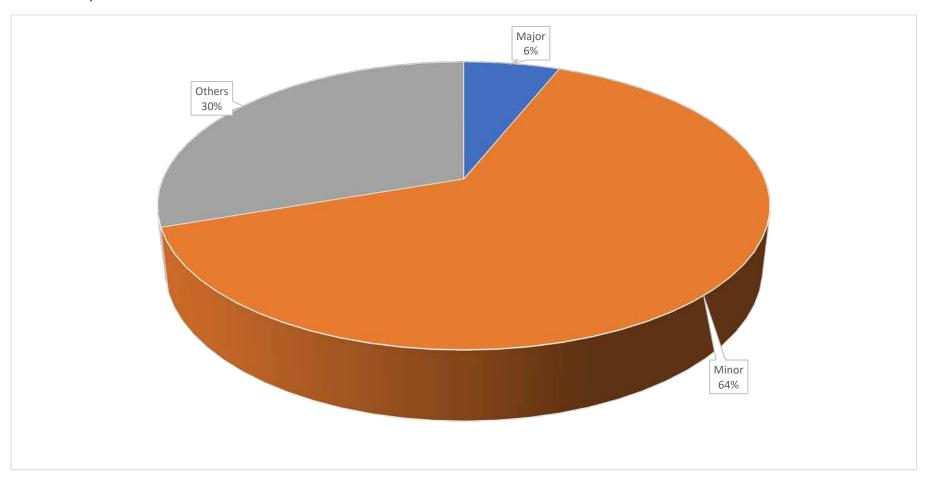


Figure 5: The proportion of Appeal outcomes of appeal decisions received on 'Major' applications between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

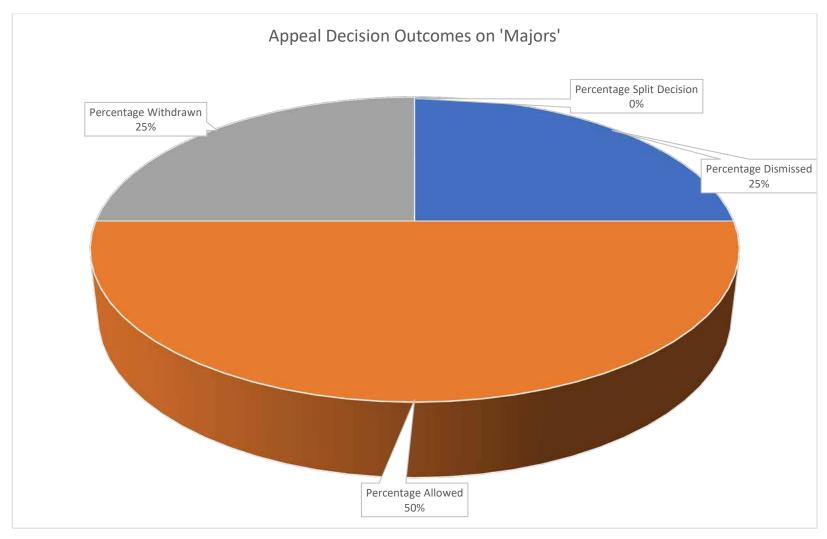


Figure 6: The proportion of Appeal outcomes of appeal decisions received on 'Minor' applications between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

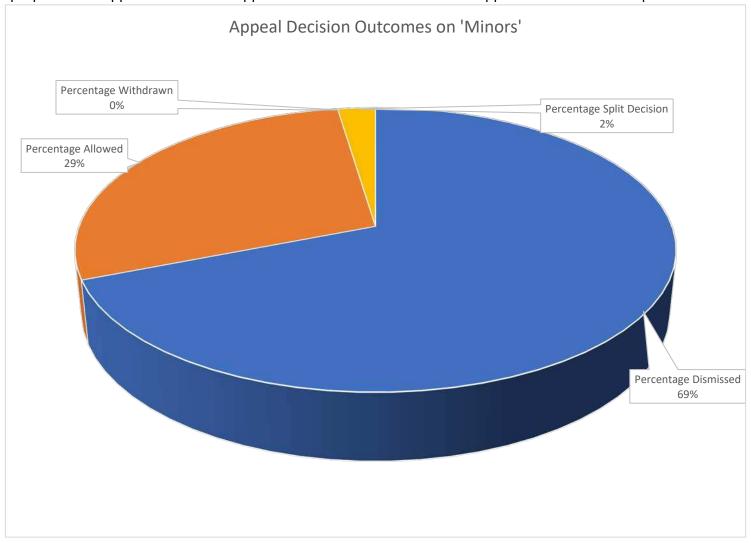
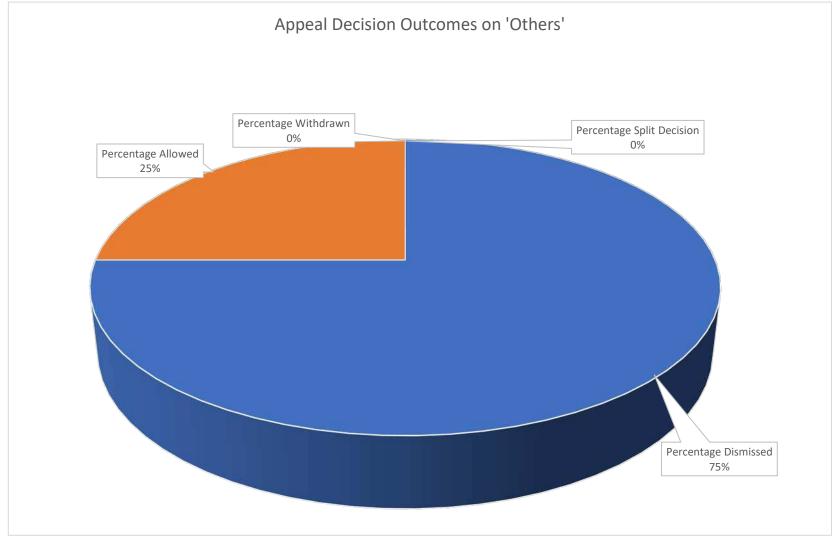


Figure 7: The proportion of Appeal outcomes of appeal decisions received on 'Other' applications between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022



Appendix M: The number of enforcement cases logged/received and closed during each month and each quarter between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022.

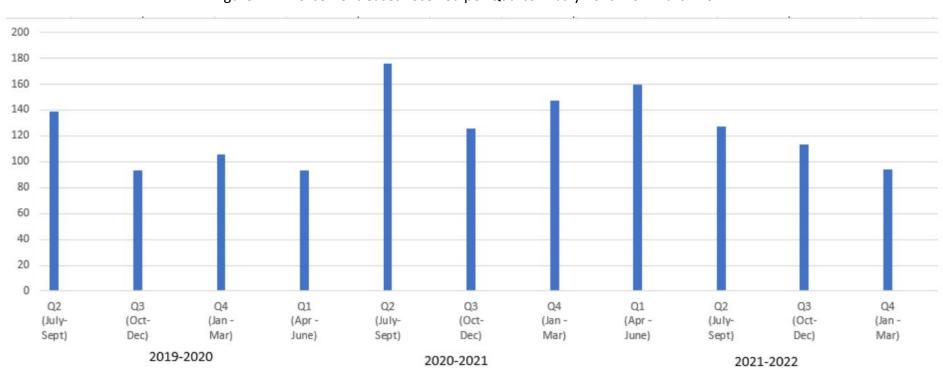


Figure 1: Enforcement Cases received per Quarter 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

Figure 2: Enforcement Cases received per month 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

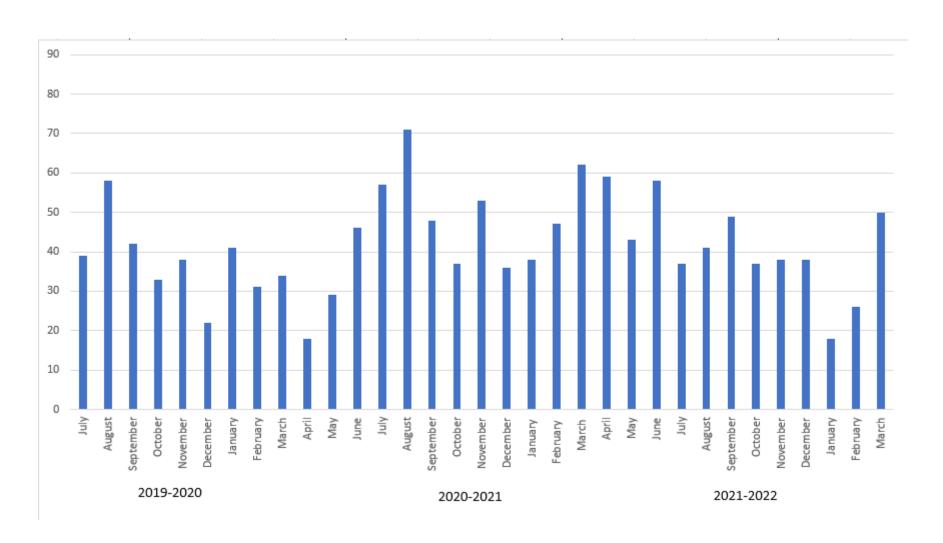


Figure 3: Enforcement Cases closed per quarter1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

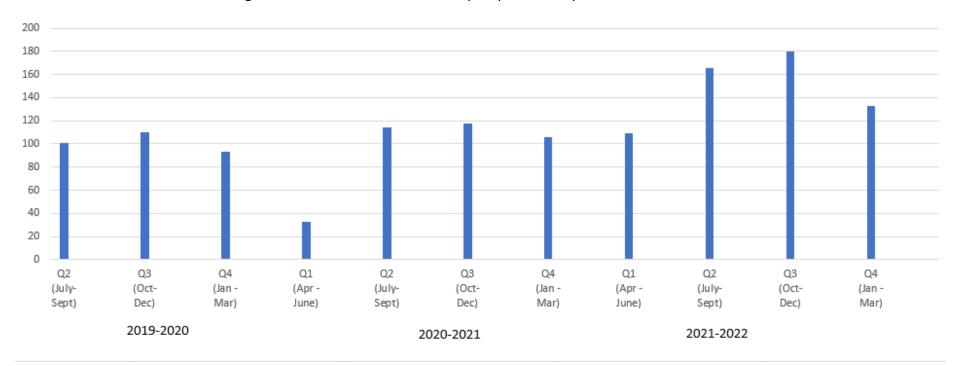


Figure 4: Enforcement cases closed per month 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

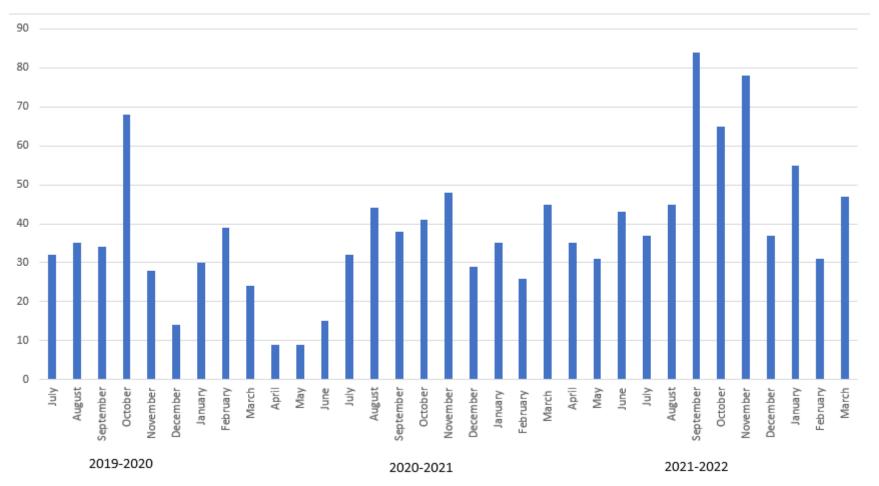


Figure 5: Enforcement Cases received and closed per Quarter 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

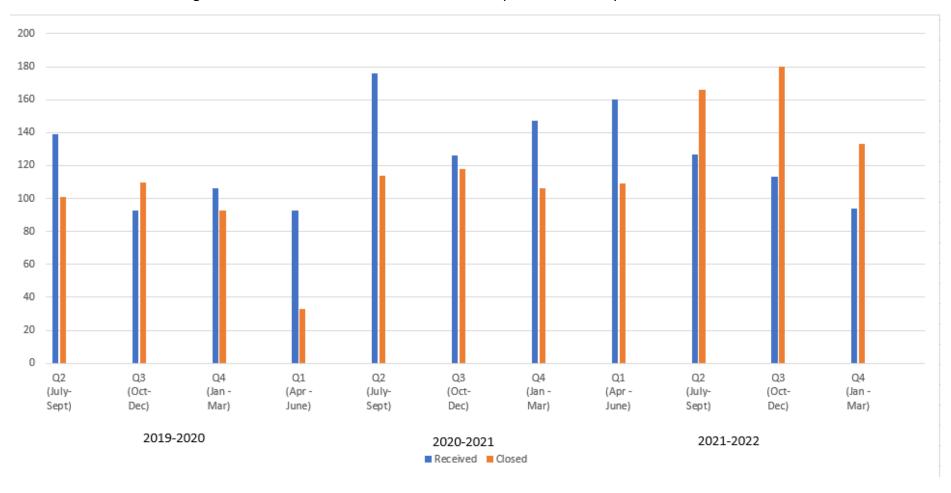
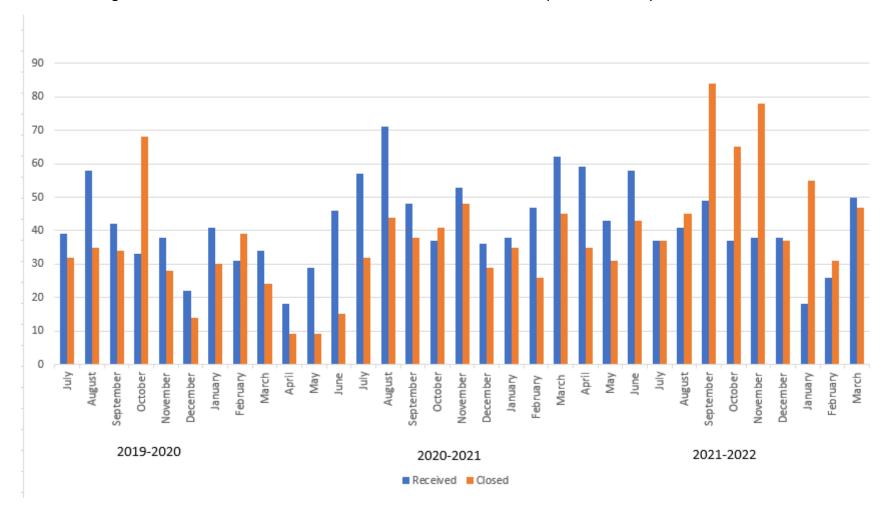


Figure 6: Enforcement cases received and enforcement cases closed per month 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022



Appendix N: The reasons enforcement cases were closed during each month between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022.

Figure 1: The number of cases closed because there was no breach of planning control during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

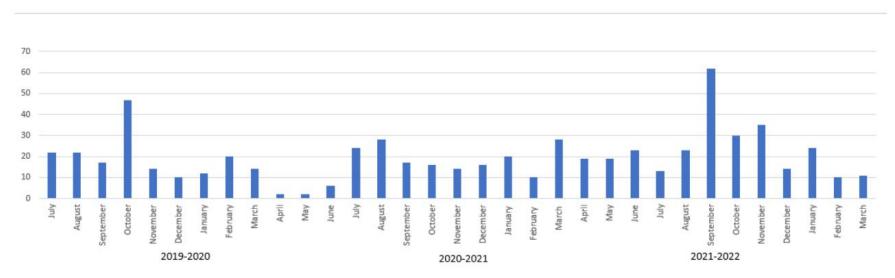


Figure 2: The number of cases closed because there was compliance with planning control (e.g. the use ceased) during each month, 1 July 2019

— 31 March 2022

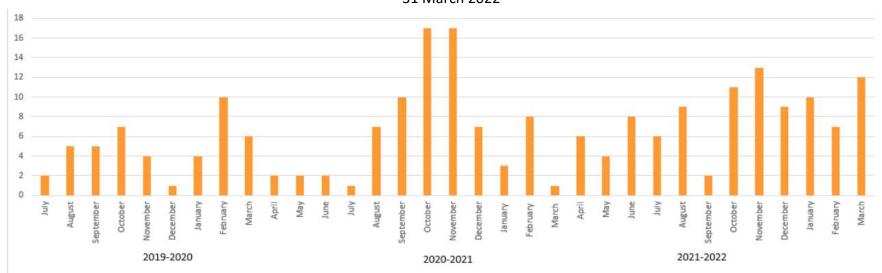


Figure 3: The number of cases closed because Planning Permission was granted during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

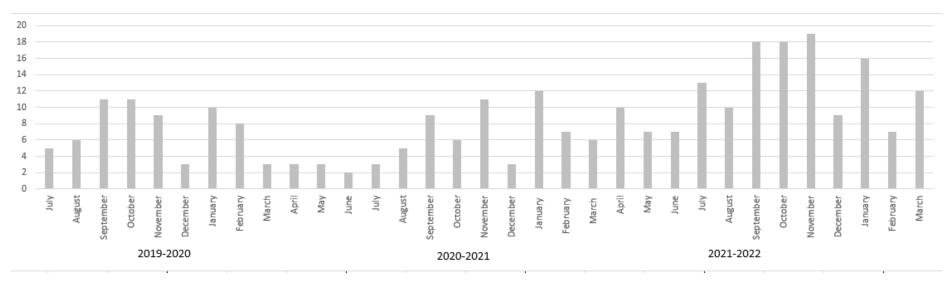


Figure 4: The number of cases closed because the subject of the complaint was Permitted Development, during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31

March 2022

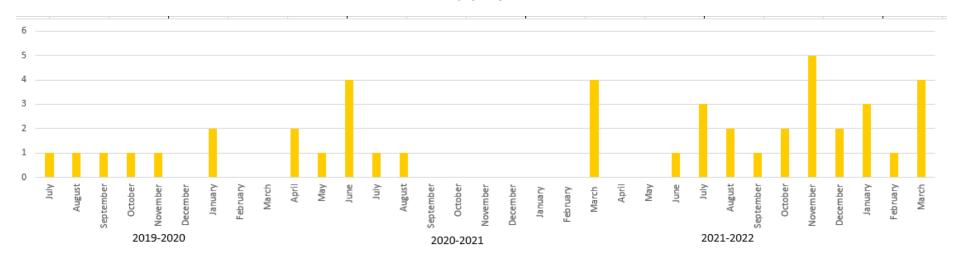


Figure 5: The number of cases closed because the subject of the complaint was immune from action/lawful, during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

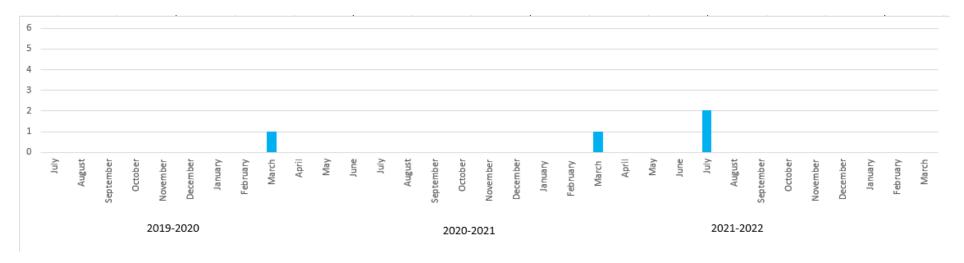


Figure 6: The number of cases closed because they were duplicate cases, during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

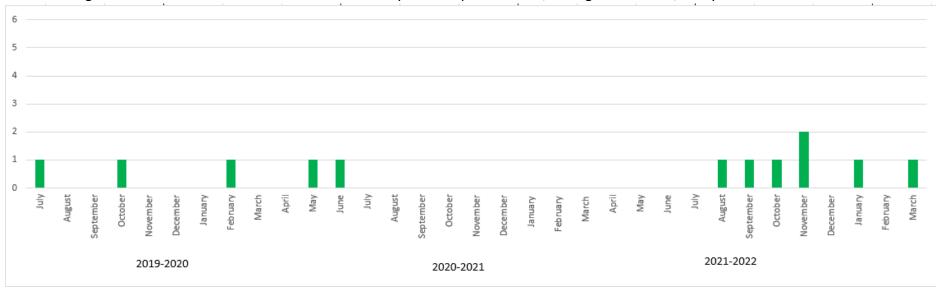


Figure 7: The number of cases closed because the subject of the complaint was withdrawn, during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

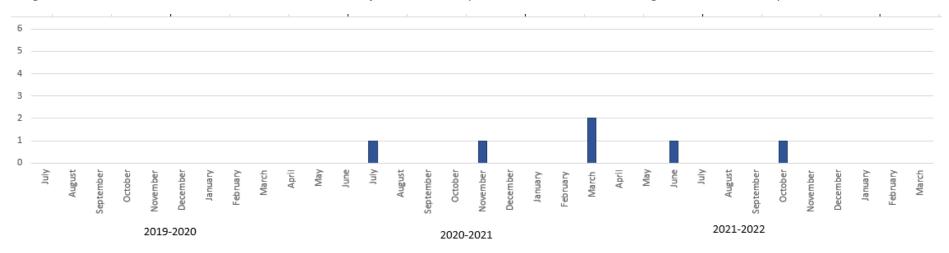


Figure 8: The number of cases closed because the subject of the complaint was not expedient, during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022

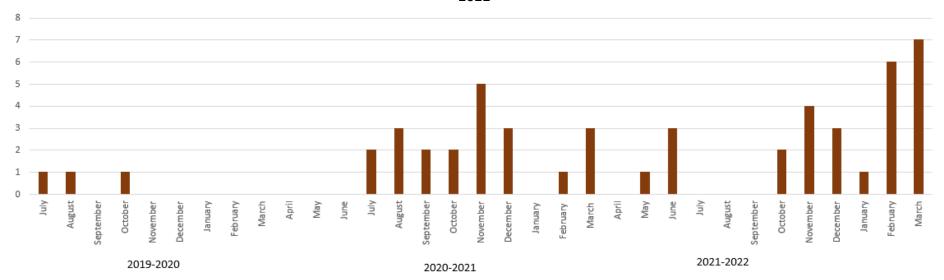
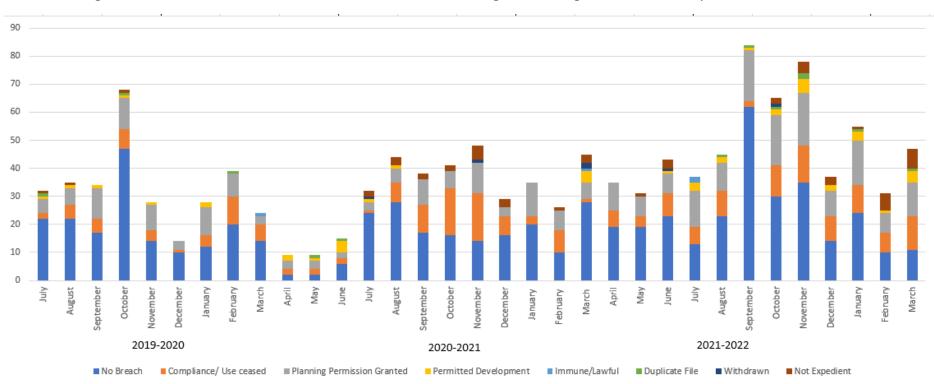


Figure 9: The number of cases closed for each reason shown together during each month, 1 July 2019 – 31 March 2022



Appendix O: The timeframes for the closure of enforcement cases between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022.

Figure 1: The percentage of enforcement cases closed during each month that were closed within 1 – 10 days, between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022

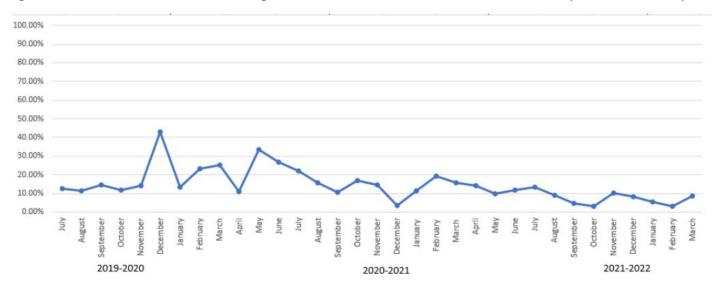


Figure 2: The percentage of enforcement cases closed during each month that were closed within 11 – 20 days, between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022

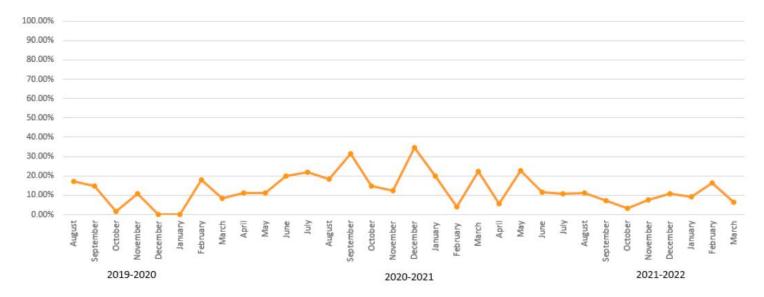


Figure 3: The percentage of enforcement cases closed during each month that were closed within 21 – 30 days, between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022

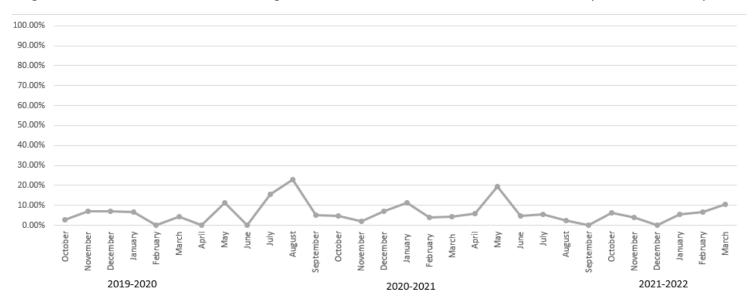


Figure 4: The percentage of enforcement cases closed during each month that were closed within 31-40 days, between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022

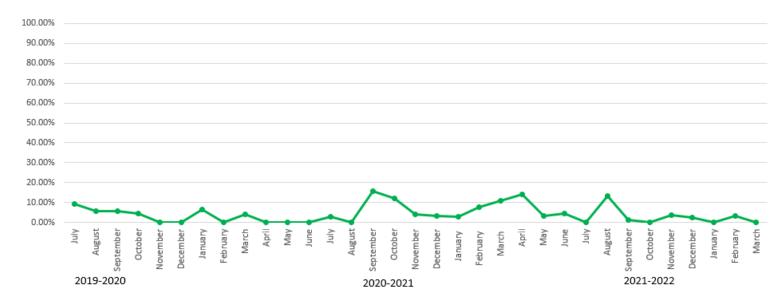


Figure 5: The percentage of enforcement cases closed during each month that were closed after 41 days or more, between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022

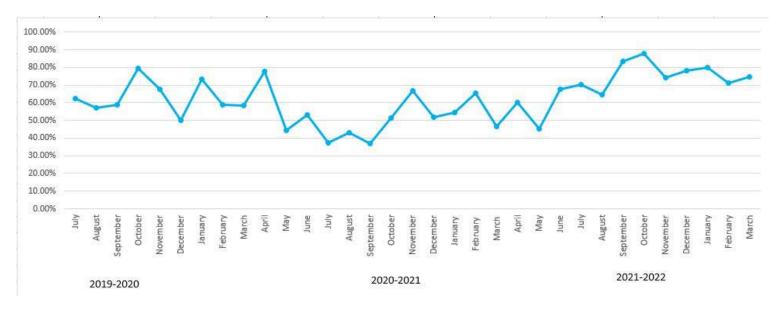


Figure 1: The number of Enforcement Notices served during each quarter between 1 July 2019 and 31 March 2022

